

## nag\_deviates\_students\_t (g01fbc)

### 1. Purpose

**nag\_deviates\_students\_t (g01fbc)** returns the deviate associated with the given tail probability of Student's  $t$ -distribution with real degrees of freedom.

### 2. Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg01.h>

double nag_deviates_students_t(Nag_TailProbability tail, double p, double df,
                               NagError *fail)
```

### 3. Description

The deviate,  $t_p$  associated with the lower tail probability,  $p$ , of the Student's  $t$ -distribution with  $\nu$  degrees of freedom is defined as the solution to

$$P(T \leq t_p : \nu) = p = \frac{\Gamma((\nu + 1)/2)}{\sqrt{\nu\pi}\Gamma(\nu/2)} \int_{-\infty}^{t_p} \left(1 + \frac{T^2}{\nu}\right)^{-(\nu+1)/2} dT \quad \nu \geq 1; -\infty < t_p < \infty.$$

For  $\nu = 1$  or  $2$  the integral equation is easily solved for  $t_p$ .

For other values of  $\nu < 3$  a transformation to the beta distribution is used and the result obtained from **nag\_deviates\_beta (g01fec)**.

For  $\nu \geq 3$  an inverse asymptotic expansion of Cornish–Fisher type is used. The algorithm is described by Hill (1970).

### 4. Parameters

#### tail

Input: indicates which tail the supplied probability represents.

If **tail = Nag\_UpperTail**, the upper tail probability, i.e.,  $P(T \geq t_p : \nu)$ .

If **tail = Nag\_LowerTail**, the lower tail probability, i.e.,  $P(T \leq t_p : \nu)$ .

If **tail = Nag\_TwoTailSignif**, the two tail (significance level) probability, i.e.,  $P(T \geq |t_p| : \nu) + P(T \leq -|t_p| : \nu)$ .

If **tail = Nag\_TwoTailConfid**, the two tail (confidence interval) probability, i.e.,  $P(T \leq |t_p| : \nu) - P(T \leq -|t_p| : \nu)$ .

Constraint: **tail = Nag\_UpperTail** or **Nag\_LowerTail** or **Nag\_TwoTailSignif** or **Nag\_TwoTailConfid**.

#### p

Input: the probability,  $p$ , from the required Student's  $t$ -distribution as defined by **tail**.

Constraint:  $0.0 < p < 1.0$ .

#### df

Input: the degrees of freedom,  $\nu$ , of the Student's  $t$ -distribution.

Constraint: **df**  $\geq 1.0$ .

#### fail

The NAG error parameter, see the Essential Introduction to the NAG C Library.

### 5. Error Indications and Warnings

On any of the error conditions listed below except **NE\_SOL\_NOT\_CONV** **nag\_deviates\_students\_t** returns 0.0.

#### NE\_BAD\_PARAM

On entry, parameter **tail** had an illegal value.

**NE\_REAL\_ARG\_LE**

On entry, **p** must not be less than or equal to 0.0: **p** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

**NE\_REAL\_ARG\_GE**

On entry, **p** must not be greater than or equal to 1.0: **p** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

**NE\_REAL\_ARG\_LT**

On entry, **df** must not be less than 1.0: **df** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

**NE\_SOL\_CLOSE\_TO\_ZERO**

The solution is too close to zero to be determined accurately.

This error will only occur when **df** = 1.0. The returned value of zero will be a good approximation in terms of absolute value but will have a poor relative precision.

**NE\_SOL\_NOT\_CONV**

The solution has failed to converge.

However, the result should be a reasonable approximation.

**6. Further Comments**

The value  $t_p$  may be calculated by using the transformation described in Section 3 and using nag\_deviates\_beta (g01fec). This function allows the user to set the required accuracy.

**6.1. Accuracy**

The results should be accurate to 5 significant digits, for most parameter values. The error behaviour for various parameter values is discussed in Hill (1970).

**6.2. References**

Hastings N A J and Peacock J B (1975) *Statistical Distributions* Butterworth.

Hill G W (1970) Student's  $t$  quantiles *Commun. ACM* **13** (10) Algorithm 396 619–620.

**7. See Also**

nag\_deviates\_beta (g01fec)

**8. Example**

Lower tail probabilities are read for several  $t$ -distributions, and the corresponding deviates calculated and printed, until the end of data is reached.

**8.1. Program Text**

```

/* nag_deviates_students_t(g01fbc) Example Program
 *
 * Copyright 1996 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 4, 1996.
 */

#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg01.h>

main()
{
    double df, p, t;
    int i;
    static Nag_TailProbability tail[] = { Nag_LowerTail, Nag_UpperTail,
                                         Nag_TwoTailSignif, Nag_TwoTailConfid};
    static char *tailmess[] = { "Nag_LowerTail", "Nag_UpperTail",
                               "Nag_TwoTailSignif", "Nag_TwoTailConfid"};
    static NagError fail;

    Vprintf("g01fbc Example Program Results\n\n");
    /* Skip heading in data file */

```

```

Vscanf("%*[^\\n]");
Vprintf("    p        df        tail        t\\n\\n");
while (scanf("%lf %lf %ld", &p, &df, &i) != EOF)
{
    t = g01fbc(tail[i], p, df, &fail);
    if (fail.code==NE_NOERROR)
        Vprintf("%8.3f%8.3f    %-19s    %8.3f\\n", p, df, tailmess[i], t);
    else
        Vprintf("%8.3f%8.3f    %-19s    %8.3f\\n Note: %s\\n",p,df,
                tailmess[i], t, fail.message);
}
exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}

```

## 8.2. Program Data

```

g01fbc Example Program Data
0.0100  20.0  2
0.01    7.5  0
0.99   45.0  3

```

## 8.3. Program Results

```

g01fbc Example Program Results

```

p	df	tail	t
0.010	20.000	Nag_TwoTailSignif	2.845
0.010	7.500	Nag_LowerTail	-2.943
0.990	45.000	Nag_TwoTailConfid	2.690

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