NAG C Library Function Document

nag_estimate_agarchI (g13fac)

1   Purpose

nag_estimate_agarchI (g13fac) estimates the parameters of a standard univariate regression-GARCH(p, q) or a univariate regression-type I AGARCH(p, q) process (see Engle and Ng (1993)).

2   Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg13.h>

void nag_estimate_agarchI (const double yt[], const double x[], Integer tdx,
        Integer num, Integer p, Integer q, Integer nreg, Integer mn,
        Integer isym, double theta[], double se[], double sc[],
        double covar[], Integer tdc, double *hp, double et[], double ht[],
        double *lgf, Nag_Garch_Stationary_Type stat_opt,
        Nag_Garch_Est_Initial_Type est_opt, Integer max_iter,
        double tol, NagError *fail)
```

3   Description

When **isym** $= 0$, nag_estimate_agarchI models a standard ($\gamma = 0$) univariate regression-GARCH(p, q) process, with p coefficients α_i, $i = 1, \ldots, p$, q coefficients, β_i, $i = 1, \ldots, q$, mean b_o, and k linear regression coefficients b_i, $i = 1, \ldots, k$, which can be represented by:

$$y_t = b_o + x_t^T b + \epsilon_t \tag{1}$$

$$\epsilon_t | \psi_{t-1} \sim N(0, h_t)$$

$$h_t = \alpha_0 + \sum_{i=1}^{q} \alpha_i \epsilon_{t-i}^2 + \sum_{i=1}^{p} \beta_i h_{t-i}, \quad t = 1, \ldots, T.$$

When **isym** $= 1$, nag_estimate_agarchI models an asymmetric GARCH(p, q) process where the conditional variance h_t is given by:

$$h_t = \alpha_0 + \sum_{i=1}^{q} \alpha_i (\epsilon_{t-i} + \gamma)^2 + \sum_{i=1}^{p} \beta_i h_{t-i}, \quad t = 1, \ldots, T.$$

Here T is the number of terms in the sequence, y_t denotes the endogenous variables, x_t the exogenous variables, b_o the mean, b the regression coefficients, ϵ_t the residuals, γ is the asymmetry parameter, h_t is the conditional variance, and ψ_t the information set of all information up to time t.

When **isym** $= 1$, nag_estimate_agarchI provides an estimate for $\hat{\theta}$, the $(p + q + k + 3) \times 1$ parameter vector $\theta = (b_o, b^T, \omega^T)$ where $\omega^T = (\alpha_0, \alpha_1, \ldots, \alpha_q, \beta_1, \ldots, \beta_p, \gamma)$ and $b^T = (b_1, \ldots, b_k)$.

isym, **mn**, **nreg** (see Section 4) can be used to simplify the GARCH(p, q) expression in (1) as follows:

No Regression or Mean
> $y_t = \epsilon_t$,
> **isym** $= 0$,
> **mn** $= 0$,
> **nreg** $= 0$, and
> θ is a $(p + q + 1) \times 1$ vector.

No Regression
> $y_t = b_o + \epsilon_t$,
> **isym** $= 0$,

mn $= 1$,
nreg $= 0$, and
θ is a $(p + q + 2) \times 1$ vector.

Note: if the $y_t = \mu + \epsilon_t$, where μ is known (not to be estimated by nag_estimate_agarchI) then (1) can be written as $y_t{}^\mu = \epsilon_t$, where $y_t{}^\mu = y_t - \mu$. This corresponds to the case **No Regression or Mean**, with y_t replaced by $y_t - \mu$.

No Mean

$y_t = x_t{}^T b + \epsilon_t$,
isym $= 0$,
mn $= 0$,
nreg $= k$ and
θ is a $(p + q + k + 1) \times 1$ vector.

4   Parameters

Note: for convenience **npar** will be used here to denote the expression $1+\mathbf{q}+\mathbf{p}+\mathbf{isym}+\mathbf{mn}+\mathbf{nreg}$ representing the number of model parameters.

1:      **yt[num]** – const double   *Input*

On entry: the sequence of observations, y_t, $t = 1, \ldots, T$.

2:      **x[num][tdx]** – const double   *Input*

On entry: row t of **x** contains the time dependent exogenous vector x_t, where $x_t{}^T = (x_t{}^1, \ldots, x_t{}^k)$, for $t = 1, \ldots, T$.

3:      **tdx** – Integer   *Input*

On entry: the second dimension of the array **x** as declared in the function from which nag_estimate_agarchI is called.

Constraint: **tdx** $\geq$ **nreg**.

4:      **num** – Integer   *Input*

On entry: the number of terms in the sequence, T.

Constraint: **num** $\geq$ **npar**.

5:      **p** – Integer   *Input*

On entry: the GARCH(p, q) parameter p.

Constraint: **p** ≥ 0.

6:      **q** – Integer   *Input*

On entry: the GARCH(p, q) parameter q.

Constraint: **q** ≥ 1.

7:    **nreg** – Integer   *Input*

On entry: the number of regression coefficients, k.

Constraint: **nreg** ≥ 0.

8:    **mn** – Integer   *Input*

On entry: if **mn** $= 1$ then the mean term b_0 will be included in the model.

Constraint: **mn** $= 0$ or **mn** $= 1$.

9:    **isym** – Integer   *Input*

On entry: if **isym** $= 1$ then the asymmetry term γ will be included in the model.

Constraint: **isym** $= 0$ or **isym** $= 1$

10:    **theta[npar]** – double   *Input/Output*

On entry: the initial parameter estimates for the vector θ. The first element contains the coefficient α_o, the next **q** elements contain the coefficients α_i, $i = 1, \ldots, q$. The next **p** elements are the coefficients β_j, $j = 1, \ldots, p$. If **isym** $= 1$ then the next element contains the asymmetry parameter γ. If **est_opt** $=$ **Nag_Garch_Est_Initial_False** then (when **mn** $= 1$) the next term contains an initial estimate of the mean term b_o and the remaining **nreg** elements are taken as initial estimates of the linear regression coefficients b_i, $i = 1, \ldots, k$.

On exit: the estimated values $\hat{\theta}$ for the vector θ. The first element contains the coefficient α_o, the next **q** elements contain the coefficients α_i, $i = 1, \ldots, q$. The next **p** elements are the coefficients β_j, $j = 1, \ldots, p$. If **isym** $= 1$ then the next element contains the estimate for the asymmetry parameter γ. If **mn** $= 1$ then the next element contains an estimate for the mean term b_o. The final **nreg** elements are the estimated linear regression coefficients b_i, $i = 1, \ldots, k$.

11:    **se[npar]** – double   *Output*

On exit: the standard errors for $\hat{\theta}$. The first element contains the standard error for α_o, the next **q** elements contain the standard errors for α_i, $i = 1, \ldots, q$, the next **p** elements are the standard errors for β_j, $j = 1, \ldots, p$. If **isym** $= 1$ then the next element contains the standard error for γ. If **mn** $= 1$ then the next element contains the standard error for b_o. The final **nreg** elements are the standard errors for b_j, $j = 1, \ldots, k$.

12:    **sc[npar]** – double   *Output*

On exit: the scores for $\hat{\theta}$. The first element contains the score for α_o, the next **q** elements contain the score for α_i, $i = 1, \ldots, q$, the next **p** elements are the scores for β_j, $j = 1, \ldots, p$. If **isym** $= 1$ then the next element contains the score for γ. If **mn** $= 1$ then the next element contains the score for b_o. The final **nreg** elements are the scores for b_j, $j = 1, \ldots, k$.

13:    **covar[npar][tdc]** – double   *Output*

On exit: the covariance matrix of the parameter estimates $\hat{\theta}$, that is the inverse of the Fisher Information Matrix.

14:    **tdc** – Integer   *Input*

On entry: the second dimension of the array **covar** as declared in the function from which nag_estimate_agarchI is called.

Constraint: **tdc** $\geq$ **npar**.

15:    **hp** – double *   *Input/Output*

On entry: If **est_opt** $=$ **Nag_Garch_Est_Initial_False** then **hp** is the value to be used for the pre-observed conditional variance. If **est_opt** $=$ **Nag_Garch_Est_Initial_True** then **hp** is not referenced.

On exit: If **est_opt** = **Nag_Garch_Est_Initial_True** then **hp** is the estimated value of the pre-observed conditional variance.

16:    **et[num]** – double   *Output*

On exit: the estimated residuals, ϵ_t, $t = 1, \ldots, T$.

17:    **ht[num]** – double   *Output*

On exit: the estimated conditional variances, h_t, $t = 1, \ldots, T$.

18:    **lgf** – double *   *Output*

On exit: the value of the log likelihood function at $\hat{\theta}$.

19:    **stat_opt** – Nag_Garch_Stationary_Type   *Input*

On entry: If **stat_opt** = **Nag_Garch_Stationary_True** then Stationary conditions are enforced. If **stat_opt** = **Nag_Garch_Stationary_False** then Stationary conditions are not enforced.

20:    **est_opt** – Nag_Garch_Est_Initial_Type   *Input*

On entry: If **est_opt** = **Nag_Garch_Est_Initial_True** then the routine provides initial parameter estimates of the regression terms (b_o, b^T). If **est_opt** = **Nag_Garch_Est_Initial_False** then the initial estimates of the regression parameters (b_o, b^T) must be supplied by the user.

21:    **max_iter** – Integer   *Input*

On entry: the maximum number of iterations to be used by the optimisation routine when estimating the GARCH(p, q) parameters. If **max_iter** is set to 0 then the standard errors, score vector and variance-covariance are calculated for the input value of θ in **theta**; however the value of θ is not updated.

Constraint: **max_iter** ≥ 0.

22:    **tol** – double   *Input*

On entry: the tolerance to be used by the optimisation routine when estimating the GARCH(p, q) parameters.

23:    **fail** – NagError *   *Input/Output*

The NAG error parameter (see the Essential Introduction).

5   Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, parameter **stat_opt** had an illegal value.
On entry, parameter **est_opt** had an illegal value.

NE_INT_ARG_LT

On entry, **nreg** must not be less than 0: **nreg** = *<value>*.
On entry, **q** must not be less than 1: **q** = *<value>*.
On entry, **p** must not be less than 0: **p** = *<value>*.
On entry, **max_iter** must not be less than 0: **max_iter** = *<value>*.

NE_2_INT_ARG_LT

On entry, **tdx** = *<value>* while **nreg** = *<value>*.
These parameters must satisfy **tdx** $\geq$ **nreg**.

On entry, **tdc** $=$ *<value>* while $1+$**q**$+$**p**$+$**isym**$+$**mn**$+$**nreg** $=$ *<value>*.
These parameters must satisfy **tdc** $\geq$ $1+$**q**$+$**p**$+$**isym**$+$**mn**$+$**nreg**.

On entry, **num** $=$ *<value>* while $1+$**q**$+$**p**$+$**isym**$+$**mn**$+$**nreg** $=$ *<value>*.
These parameters must satisfy **num** $\geq$ $1+$**q**$+$**p**$+$**isym**$+$**mn**$+$**nreg**.

NE_INVALID_INT_RANGE_2

Value *<value>* given to **mn** is not valid. Correct range is 0 to 1.
Value *<value>* given to **isym** is not valid. Correct range is 0 to 1.

NE_MAT_NOT_FULL_RANK

Matrix X does not give a model of full rank.

NE_MAT_NOT_POS_DEF

Attempt to invert the second derivative matrix needed in the calculation of the covariance matrix of the parameter estimates has failed. The matrix is not positive-definite, possibly due to rounding errors.

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Memory allocation failed.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please consult NAG for assistance.

6   Further Comments

6.1   Accuracy

Not applicable.

6.2   References

Engle R (1982) Autoregressive Conditional Heteroskedasticity with Estimates of the Variance of United Kingdom Inflation *Econometrica* **50** 987–1008

Bollerslev T (1986) Generalised Autoregressive Conditional Heteroskedasticity *Journal of Econometrics* **31** 307–327

Engle R and Ng V (1993) Measuring and Testing the Impact of News on Volatility *Journal of Finance* **48** 1749–1777

Hamilton J (1994) *Time Series Analysis* Princeton University Press

7   See Also

None.

8   Example

This example program illustrates the use of nag_estimate_agarchI to model a GARCH(1,1) sequence generated by nag_generate_agarchI (g05hkc), a three step forecast is then calculated using nag_forecast_agarchI (g13fbc).

8.1   Program Text

```c
/* nag_estimate_agarchI (g13fac) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2000 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 6, 2000.
 *
 */

#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <nagg05.h>
#include <nagg13.h>

int main(void)
{

  double *bx=0, *covar=0, *et=0, fac1, gamma, hp;
  double *ht=0, lgf, mean, *param=0;
  double *rvec=0, *sc=0, *se=0, *theta=0, tol;
  double *x=0, xterm, *yt=0, *cvar=0;
  Integer i, ip, iq, isym, j, k, nt;
  Integer exit_status=0;
  Integer tdc, tdx;
  Integer maxit, mn, num, num_startup, npar, nreg, seed;
  Nag_Garch_Est_Initial_Type est_opt;
  Nag_Garch_Stationary_Type stat_opt;
  Nag_Garch_Fcall_Type fcall;
  NagError fail;

  INIT_FAIL(fail);
  isym = 1;
  gamma = -0.3;
  nreg = 2;
  ip  = 1;
  iq = 1;
  mn = 1;

  npar = iq + ip + 1;
  num = 1000;
  nt = 3;

  tdc = npar+mn+isym+nreg;
  tdx = nreg;

#define YT(I) yt[(I)-1]
#define THETA(I) theta[(I)-1]
#define SE(I) se[(I)-1]
#define SC(I) sc[(I)-1]
#define RVEC(I) rvec[(I)-1]
#define PARAM(I) param[(I)-1]
#define HT(I) ht[(I)-1]
#define ET(I) et[(I)-1]
#define BX(I) bx[(I)-1]
#define CVAR(I) cvar[(I)-1]
```

```
#define X(I,J) x[((I)-1) * tdx + ((J)-1)]
#define COVAR(I,J) covar[((I)-1) * tdc + ((J)-1)]


  if ( !(bx = NAG_ALLOC (nreg, double))
        || !(covar = NAG_ALLOC ((npar+mn+isym+nreg) * (npar+mn+isym+nreg), dou-
ble))
       || !(et = NAG_ALLOC (num, double))
       || !(ht = NAG_ALLOC (num, double))
       || !(param = NAG_ALLOC (npar+mn+isym+nreg, double))
       || !(rvec = NAG_ALLOC (40, double))
       || !(sc = NAG_ALLOC (npar+mn+isym+nreg, double))
       || !(se = NAG_ALLOC (npar+mn+isym+nreg, double))
       || !(theta = NAG_ALLOC (npar+mn+isym+nreg, double))
       || !(x = NAG_ALLOC (num * nreg, double))
       || !(cvar = NAG_ALLOC (nt, double))
       || !(yt = NAG_ALLOC (num, double)))
    {
      Vprintf("Allocation failure\n");
      exit_status = -1;
      goto END;
    }

  Vprintf ("g13fac Example Program Results \n\n");
  seed = 11;

  mean = 3.0;

  if (nreg > 0)
    {
      for (i = 1; i <= num; ++i)
 {
   fac1 = (double) i *0.01;
    X (i, 1) = sin (fac1) * 0.7 + 0.01;
    X (i, 2) = fac1 * 0.1 + 0.5;
 }
      BX (1) = 1.5;
      BX (2) = 2.5;
    }


  PARAM (1) = 0.15;
  PARAM (2) = 0.1;
  PARAM (3) = 0.8;
  PARAM (4) = 0.1;

  fcall = Nag_Garch_Fcall_True;
  g05cbc(seed);
  num_startup = num;
  g05hkc (num_startup, ip, iq, &PARAM (1), gamma, &HT (1), &YT (1),
          fcall, &RVEC (1), &fail);
  if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
      Vprintf("Error from g05hkc.\n%s\n", fail.message);
      exit_status = 1;
      goto END;
    }

  fcall = Nag_Garch_Fcall_False;
```

```
   g05hkc (num, ip, iq, &PARAM (1), gamma, &HT (1), &YT (1),
           fcall, &RVEC (1), &fail);
   if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
     {
       Vprintf("Error from g05hkc.\n%s\n", fail.message);
       exit_status = 1;
       goto END;
     }

   for (i = 1; i <= num; ++i)
     {
       xterm = 0.0;
       for (k = 1; k <= nreg; ++k)
 xterm += X (i, k) * BX (k);

       if (mn == 1)
 YT (i) = mean + xterm + YT (i);
       else
 YT (i) = xterm + YT (i);
     }

   for (i = 1; i <= npar; ++i)
     THETA (i) = PARAM (i) * 0.5;

   if (isym == 1)
     THETA (npar + isym) = gamma * 0.5;

   if (mn == 1)
     THETA (npar + isym + 1) = mean * 0.5;

   for (i = 1; i <= nreg; ++i)
     THETA (npar + isym + mn + i) = BX (i) * 0.5;

   maxit = 50;
   tol = 1e-12;
   stat_opt = Nag_Garch_Stationary_True;
   est_opt = Nag_Garch_Est_Initial_True;

   g13fac (&YT (1), &X (1, 1), tdx, num, ip, iq, nreg, mn, isym,
           &THETA (1), &SE (1), &SC (1), &COVAR (1, 1), tdc, &hp,
           &ET (1), &HT (1), &lgf, stat_opt, est_opt, maxit, tol, &fail);

   if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
     {
       Vprintf("Error from g13fac.\n%s\n", fail.message);
       exit_status = 1;
       goto END;
     }

   Vprintf ("        Parameter estimates     Standard errors        Correct va-
 lues\n");
   for (j = 1; j <= npar; ++j)
       Vprintf ("%20.4f               (%6.4f) %20.4f\n", THETA (j), SE (j),
 PARAM(j));

   if (isym)
     Vprintf ("%20.4f              (%6.4f) %20.4f\n", THETA (npar+isym), SE (npar+-
 isym), gamma);
   if (mn)
```

```
      Vprintf ("%20.4f                    (%6.4f) %20.4f\n", THETA (npar+isym+1), SE
(npar+isym+1), mean);
  for (j = 1; j <= nreg; ++j)
    Vprintf ("%20.4f              (%6.4f) %20.4f\n", THETA (npar+isym+mn+j), SE(n-
par+isym+mn+j), BX(j));

/* now forecast nt steps ahead */

 if (isym)
 {
    gamma = 0.0;
 }
 else
 {
    gamma = THETA(npar+isym);
 }

 g13fbc(num,nt,ip,iq,&THETA(1),gamma,&CVAR(1),&HT(1),&ET(1),&fail);

 Vprintf ("\n%ld step forecast = %8.4f\n",nt,CVAR(nt));


 END:
  if (bx) NAG_FREE (bx);
  if (covar) NAG_FREE (covar);
  if (et) NAG_FREE (et);
  if (ht) NAG_FREE (ht);
  if (param) NAG_FREE (param);
  if (rvec) NAG_FREE (rvec);
  if (sc) NAG_FREE (sc);
  if (se) NAG_FREE (se);
  if (theta) NAG_FREE (theta);
  if (x) NAG_FREE (x);
  if (cvar) NAG_FREE (cvar);
  if (yt) NAG_FREE (yt);

  return exit_status;
}
```

8.2   Program Data

None.

8.3   Program Results

```
g13fac Example Program Results

      Parameter estimates     Standard errors      Correct values
            0.0902               (0.0361)              0.1500
            0.1030               (0.0253)              0.1000
            0.8433               (0.0390)              0.8000
           -0.1509               (0.1836)             -0.3000
            3.0840               (0.1395)              3.0000
            1.4989               (0.0790)              1.5000
            2.4402               (0.1354)              2.5000

3 step forecast =   1.5355
```